

Version 2 / AUS 10200001459

1/10 Revision Date: 15.09.2017 Print Date: 16.05.2018

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier		
Trade name	Scala® 600 SC Fungicide	
Product code (UVP)	05942543	
1.2 Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Use	Fungicide	
1.3 Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet	
Supplier	Bayer Cropscience Pty Ltd ABN 87 000 226 022 Level 1, 8 Redfern Road 3123 Hawthorn East Victoria Australia	
Telephone	(03) 9248 6888	
Telefax	(03) 9248 6800	
Responsible Department	1800 804 479 Technical Information Service	
Website	www.crop.bayer.com.au	
1.4 Emergency telephone no.		
Emergency telephone no.	1800 033 111 IXOM Operations Pty Ltd	

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Australian GHS Regulation

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

No hazard label for supply/use required.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

Pyrimethanil 600g/l Suspension concentrate (=flowable concentrate)(SC)

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration [%]
Pyrimethanil	53112-28-0	54.50



Version 2 / AUS 10200001459

2/10 Revision Date: 15.09.2017 Print Date: 16.05.2018

1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	>= 5.00 - <= 10.00
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	>= 0.005 - <= 0.05
Other ingredients (non-hazardous) to 100%		

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, immediately contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (telephone 13 11 26), and follow the advice given. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor.

4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Inhalation Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Skin contact Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at Eye contact least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed **Symptoms** No symptoms known or expected. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. There is no specific antidote.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable	High volume water jet



Version 2 / AUS 102000001459 **3/10** Revision Date: 15.09.2017 Print Date: 16.05.2018

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture 5.3 Advice for firefighters	In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
•	···· ··· ·· ·· ·· · · · · · · ·
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.
Further information	Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers with water in order to avoid pressure being built up due to heat.
Hazchem Code	•3Z
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6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Collect and transfer the product into a properly labelled and tightly closed container. Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations.
6.4 Reference to other sections	Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.
Hygiene measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Scala® 600 SC Fungicide Version 2 / AUS 102000001459



4/10 Revision Date: 15.09.2017 Print Date: 16.05.2018

Requirements for storage areas and containers	Keep out of the reach of children. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store at room temperature. Protect from frost.
Advice on common storage	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Pyrimethanil	53112-28-0	5.6 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
1,2-Propanediol (Total vapour and particulates.)	57-55-6	474 mg/m3/150 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	AU NOEL
1,2-Propanediol (Particulate.)	57-55-6	10 mg/m3 (TWA)	12 2011	AU NOEL

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.	
Hand protection	breakthrough time which are Also take into consideration the product is used, such as contact time. Wash gloves when contamin inside, when perforated or w	ons regarding permeability and e provided by the supplier of the gloves. the specific local conditions under which the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the nated. Dispose of when contaminated then contamination on the outside cannot equently and always before eating, the toilet. Nitrile rubber > 480 min > 0.4 mm Class 6 Protective gloves complying with EN 374.
Eye protection	Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).	
Skin and body protection	Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit. If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit. Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or	



Version	2 / AUS
10200000	1459

	cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently. If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.
General protective measures	In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the above mentioned recommendations would apply.
Engineering Controls	
Advice on safe handling	Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	suspension
Colour	white to beige
Odour	almost odourless
рН	4.5 - 7.5 at 100 % (23 °C)
Boiling point/boiling range	100 °C
Flash point	No flash point - Determination conducted up to the boiling point.
Density	ca. 1.10 g/cm³ at 20 °C
Water solubility	dispersible
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Pyrimethanil: log Pow: 2.84
Viscosity, dynamic	340 - 500 mPa.s at 20 °C Velocity gradient 20 /s
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity	
Thermal decomposition	Stable under normal conditions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.



Version 2 / AUS 10200001459

10.4 Conditions to avoid	Elevated temperatures freezing
10.5 Incompatible materials	No data available
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of: Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (Rat) 4,505 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (Rat) > 4.41 mg/l Highest attainable concentration.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg
Skin irritation	No skin irritation (Rabbit)
Eye irritation	Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling (Rabbit)
Sensitisation	Non-sensitizing (Guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 406, Buehler test

Assessment mutagenicity

Pyrimethanil was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Pyrimethanil was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in mice. Pyrimethanil caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in rats in the following organ(s): Thyroid. The mechanism that triggers tumours in rodents and the type of tumours observed are not relevant to humans.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Pyrimethanil did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Pyrimethanil did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Pyrimethanil: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Pyrimethanil did not cause any significant specific adverse effects or target organ toxicity in subchronic toxicity studies.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

May be harmful if inhaled. May cause skin irritation.

Safety Data Sheet



Scala® 600 SC Fungicide

Version 2 / AUS 10200001459

7/10 Revision Date: 15.09.2017 Print Date: 16.05.2018

May cause eye irritation. May be harmful if swallowed.

Early onset symptoms related to exposure Refer to Section 4

Delayed health effects from exposure Refer to Section 11

Exposure levels and health effects Refer to Section 4

Interactive effects Not known

When specific chemical data is not available Not applicable

Mixture of chemicals Refer to Section 2.1

Further information

No further toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity	
Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 10.56 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient pyrimethanil.
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 2.9 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient pyrimethanil.
Toxicity to aquatic plants	IC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 1.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.
Toxicity to other organisms	LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)) > 2,000 mg/kg The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient pyrimethanil.
12.2 Persistence and degrada	ability
Biodegradability	Pyrimethanil: Not rapidly biodegradable
Кос	Pyrimethanil: Koc: 301
12.3 Bioaccumulative potenti	al
Bioaccumulation	Pyrimethanil: Does not bioaccumulate.
12.4 Mobility in soil	

Safety Data Sheet



Scala® 600 SC Fungicide

Version 2 / AUS 10200001459

8/10 Revision Date: 15.09.2017 Print Date: 16.05.2018

Mobility in soil	Pyrimethanil: Moderately mobile in soils
12.5 Other adverse effects	
Additional ecological information	No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Metal drums and plastic containers:

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

Do not reuse container for any other purpose.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

IMDG

UN number	3082
Transport hazard class(es)	9
Subsidiary Risk	None
Packaging group	III
Description of the goods	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(PYRIMETHANIL SOLUTION)
Hazchem Code	•3Z

According to AU01, Environmentally Hazardous Substances in packagings, IBC or any other receptacle not exceeding 500 kg or 500 L are not subject to the ADG Code.

	UN number Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Risk Packaging group Marine pollutant Description of the goods	3082 9 None III YES ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PYRIMETHANIL SOLUTION)
ΙΑΤΑ	UN number Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Risk Packaging group Environm. Hazardous Mark Description of the goods	3082 9 None III YES ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PYRIMETHANIL SOLUTION)



Version 2 / AUS 10200001459

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Registered according to the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994

Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority approval number: 60445

SUSMP classification (Poison Schedule)

Exempt (Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons)

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Trademark information Scala® is a registered trademark of the Bayer Group.

This SDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user should read this SDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including in conjunction with other products.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for products sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available on request.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
AU OEL	Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric
	Contaminants in the Occupational Environment)
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
CEILING	Ceiling Limit Value
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships



Scala® 600 SC Fungicide Version 2 / AUS 102000001459

10/10 Revision Date: 15.09.2017 Print Date: 16.05.2018

N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
OES BCS	OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure
	Standard"
PEAK	PEAK: Exposure Standard - Peak means a maximum or peak airborne concentration
	of a particular substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of
	time which does not exceed 15 minutes.
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SK-SEN	Skin sensitiser
SKIN_DES	SKIN_DES: Skin notation: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of
	exposure.
STEL	STEL: Exposure standard - short term exposure limit (STEL): A 15 minute TWA
	exposure which should not be exceeded at any time during a working day even if the
	eight-hour TWA average is within the TWA exposure standard. Exposures at the STEL
	should not be longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than four times
	per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the
	STEL.
TWA	TWA: Exposure standard - time-weighted average (TWA): The average airborne
	concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour
	working day, for a five-day working week.
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation
Changes since	the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous
versions.	

END OF SDS